

poly admission 2013 rank list Full Version

Poly Admission 2013 Rank List ? Your Guide to Polytechnic College Admissions in 2013

If you're exploring polytechnic education options from 2013, understanding the **poly admission 2013 rank list** is essential. The rank list serves as a crucial tool for aspiring students to determine their eligibility and chances of securing admission into various polytechnic diploma courses across states. In this comprehensive guide, we'll delve into what the 2013 rank list entailed, how it was structured, and how students can use such information to plan their academic futures effectively.

Understanding the Poly Admission 2013 Rank List

The **poly admission 2013 rank list** was a compilation of student ranks based on their performance in qualifying examinations, typically the Secondary School Certificate (SSC) or equivalent. This list determined the order of merit for admission into diploma courses in polytechnic colleges. It was released by the respective State Technical Education Boards or the Directorate of Technical Education, depending on the state.

What was the Purpose of the 2013 Rank List?

The primary goal of the rank list was to:

- Rank students according to their academic performance
- Facilitate transparent and equitable allotment of seats
- Assist students in understanding their admission prospects
- Streamline the counseling and seat allocation process

Key Features of the 2013 Rank List

Some notable features of the 2013 rank list included:

- Separate lists for different categories (General, SC, ST, OBC, etc.)
- Distinct rankings for various branches and courses
- Clear cutoff ranks for different colleges and courses
- Details about seat allotments and counseling schedules

How the 2013 Rank List Was Prepared

The preparation of the rank list involved multiple steps, ensuring fairness and accuracy:

- Collection of Student Data

Data was collected from students' exam scores in the qualifying examination (like SSC), along with other relevant information such as category, domicile, and preferences.

- Normalization and Mark Calculation

In some cases, especially where multiple boards were involved, scores were normalized to ensure fairness. The total marks or percentage obtained by students formed the basis for ranking.

- Ranking Methodology

Students were ranked primarily based on their aggregate marks in the qualifying exam. For tie-breaking, additional criteria such as age (older students favored), subject-wise performance, or other state-specific rules were applied.

- Publishing the Rank List

Once finalized, the list was published on official websites, newspapers, and through administrative notices, making it accessible for counseling and admission procedures.

Using the 2013 Rank List for Polytechnic Admissions

Understanding and interpreting the rank list is vital for students aiming to secure a seat in their preferred courses. Here's how students could utilize the 2013 rank list effectively:

- Check Your Rank Carefully

Students should verify their rank and category details. This information determines eligibility for various courses and colleges.

- Understand Cutoff Trends

Analyzing the cutoff ranks for different colleges and courses helps students assess their chances and modify preferences if needed.

- Prepare for Counseling

The rank list is integral to the counseling process, where seat allotments are made based on merit and preferences.

- Keep Track of Important Dates

Counseling schedules, document verification dates, and seat allotment announcements are aligned with the rank list timelines.

Popular Polytechnics and Expected Cutoff Ranks in 2013

While specific cutoff ranks vary across states and courses, some general trends characterized the 2013 poly admission process:

- Top-tier polytechnic colleges had cutoff ranks within the top 500 for general categories.
- For specialized courses like Computer Engineering or Mechanical Engineering, cutoff ranks were typically higher (top 1000).
- For reserved categories, cutoff ranks were generally relaxed by 200-300 positions.

Example List of Top Polytechnic Courses in 2013

- Mechanical Engineering
- Electrical Engineering
- Computer Engineering
- Civil Engineering
- Electronics and Telecommunication
- Information Technology

Tips for Students Based on Rank List Analysis

- If your rank is within the top 1000, you have good chances of getting admission into reputed colleges.

- Students with ranks beyond 3000 should consider alternative courses or colleges.
- Always keep multiple options in your preferences list.

Impact of the 2013 Rank List on Students? Career Paths

The 2013 rank list played a significant role in shaping students' educational trajectories. Some key impacts include:

Academic and Career Planning

Students could plan their preparation for subsequent entrance exams or consider diploma-to-degree pathways based on their ranks.

College and Course Selection

The rank list informed students about the competitiveness of various courses and colleges, enabling more informed choices.

Transparency and Fairness

A well-structured rank list increased transparency in the admission process, reducing disputes and confusion.

Challenges Faced During the 2013 Admission Process

Despite efforts to streamline admissions, some challenges persisted:

- Discrepancies in data due to errors in mark sheets
- Limited seats in popular courses leading to high cutoff ranks
- Technical issues during online counseling sessions
- Uncertainty for students with borderline ranks

Solutions and Recommendations

To mitigate such issues, students were advised to:

- Verify their data accurately before counseling
- Stay updated with official notifications
- Keep alternative options ready

Where to Find the 2013 Rank List and Related Information

For students seeking the **poly admission 2013 rank list**, the following sources were crucial:

- Official State Technical Education Board websites
- Notification and announcement sections of the official portals
- Polytechnic colleges' official websites
- Local newspapers and government publications
- Helpline centers and counseling offices

Today, archived versions of these lists might be available on official portals or educational forums, which can be useful for research or historical reference.

Conclusion

The **poly admission 2013 rank list** was a pivotal document that helped countless students embark on their polytechnic education journey. Understanding its structure, significance, and application can provide valuable insights into past admission processes and guide future aspirants. While the specifics of cutoff ranks and procedures may have evolved over the years, the core principles of merit-based allocation and transparent selection remain central to polytechnic admissions.

Whether you're reminiscing about your 2013 admission experience or researching historical data, recognizing the importance of the rank list can empower you to make informed decisions and plan your educational path effectively.

Poly Admission 2013 Rank List: A Comprehensive Review and Analysis

The Poly Admission 2013 Rank List represents a significant milestone in the journey of thousands of aspiring polytechnic students across the region. Released annually, the rank list holds the key to unlocking admission into a wide array of diploma courses offered by polytechnic institutes. In 2013, the rank list was particularly noteworthy due to the increased competition, the introduction of new courses, and evolving admission policies. This article aims to delve deep into the details of the 2013 rank list, providing students, educators, and parents with a detailed understanding of its features, implications, and how it shaped the polytechnic admission landscape that year.

Overview of the Poly Admission 2013 Rank List

The 2013 rank list was compiled based on the performance of candidates in the relevant entrance examinations and qualifying criteria set by the respective state or regional polytechnic boards. It served as the primary basis for allotting seats in various diploma courses across engineering,

technology, and other specialized fields.

Key Features of the 2013 Rank List

- Centralized Compilation: The rank list was prepared centrally by the polytechnic admission authority, ensuring uniformity and transparency.
- Merit-Based Allocation: Ranks were assigned based on marks obtained in the entrance examination, with tie-breaker rules in place for candidates with identical scores.
- Category-Wise Segregation: The list included categories such as General, SC, ST, OBC, and Physically Disabled candidates, allowing for equitable seat distribution.
- Course-Wise Listing: The rankings were also sorted according to different courses, enabling students to identify their position in their preferred streams.

Methodology Behind the 2013 Rank List

Understanding the methodology behind the rank list is crucial for grasping its fairness and transparency.

Entrance Examination and Score Calculation

- The entrance exam was conducted in a single or multiple phases, covering subjects like Mathematics, Physics, Chemistry, and General Knowledge.
- Each section was weighted equally or as per the prescribed marking scheme.
- Total scores were normalized to account for variations in difficulty levels across different exam sessions.

Tie-Breaking Criteria

In cases where two or more candidates secured identical marks:

- Preference was given to the candidate with a higher score in the relevant subject (e.g., Mathematics for engineering courses).
- If still tied, age was considered, with older candidates being given priority.
- Additional criteria included the number of attempts and overall academic performance.

Inclusion of Reservation Policies

The list incorporated reservation quotas mandated by regional policies, ensuring reserved

categories had fair representation.

Analysis of the 2013 Rank List

The 2013 rank list reflected several trends and shifts that influenced student choices and institute admissions.

Competition and Cut-Off Trends

- The cut-off ranks for top-tier polytechnic institutes remained highly competitive, with some institutes requiring ranks within the top 500 for admission.
- Slight increases in cut-off ranks compared to previous years indicated a rise in applicant numbers and competition.

Distribution of Ranks Across Categories

- General category students dominated the top ranks, but reserved categories saw increased participation, leading to higher overall diversity.
- The reservation system ensured a broader representation of marginalized communities.

Impact on Student Placement

- The rank list facilitated a transparent and merit-based placement process.
- Many students secured admission to their preferred courses based on their ranks, reducing instances of seat wastage.

Pros and Cons of the 2013 Rank List System

Pros

- **Transparency:** The centralized and well-defined ranking process minimized disputes.
- **Fairness:** Reservation policies and tie-breaker rules ensured equitable consideration.
- **Merit-Based Selection:** Students with higher scores received priority, rewarding academic excellence.
- **Ease of Access:** The published rank list allowed students to plan their admission strategies effectively.

Cons

- Limited Flexibility: Strict merit-based criteria sometimes disadvantaged students from underprivileged backgrounds who lacked access to coaching.
- Pressure on Top Ranks: High competition for coveted courses sometimes led to immense stress.
- Inadequate Counseling: The process could be overwhelming without proper guidance, leading to sub-optimal course selections.
- Regional Disparities: In some regions, technical infrastructure issues hampered timely access to the rank list.

Implications for Students and Institutions

For Students

- Strategic Planning: Knowing their rank helped students decide on acceptable courses and institutes.
- Preparation for Counseling: The rank list served as a basis for participation in counseling sessions.
- Motivation: High ranks motivated students to aim for better performances in future examinations.

For Institutions

- Admission Management: The list helped institutes plan their intake and allocate resources effectively.
- Quality Assurance: Merit-based admissions helped maintain academic standards.
- Policy Feedback: Data from the rank list highlighted areas needing policy adjustments, such as reservation quotas or reservation policies.

Comparison With Previous Years and Future Trends

2013 vs. 2012 Rank List

- Slight upward shifts in cut-off ranks indicated increased competition.
- Introduction of new courses in 2013 broadened opportunities for students.
- Improved transparency measures were noted compared to previous years.

Looking Ahead: Trends Post-2013

- Greater emphasis on digital access and online counseling.
- Introduction of more flexible reservation policies.
- Increased focus on inclusive education and bridging the gap for underprivileged students.
- Enhanced use of data analytics for ranking and counseling processes.

Final Thoughts and Recommendations

The Poly Admission 2013 Rank List played a pivotal role in shaping the academic pathways of countless students. Its transparent and merit-based approach fostered a fair environment, although challenges remained in ensuring equitable access for all candidates. Going forward, continuous improvements in counseling, infrastructure, and policy reforms are essential to make the admission process more inclusive and student-friendly.

For prospective students, understanding the rank list's nuances enables better preparation and course selection. For policymakers and educators, analyzing the trends and feedback from 2013 can inform future reforms to optimize the polytechnic admission process. Ultimately, the goal remains to empower talented students with opportunities that match their aspirations and capabilities, fostering a skilled and diverse technical workforce for the future.

In summary, the 2013 rank list was a crucial document that dictated the course of thousands of students' careers. Its features, methodology, and impact offer valuable lessons for stakeholders involved in technical education admissions, emphasizing the importance of transparency, fairness, and continuous improvement in shaping educational opportunities.

Question How can I check the Poly Admission 2013 rank list online? You can visit the official polytechnic admission portal or the respective state's technical education website to access the Poly Admission 2013 rank list. Usually, the rank list is published as a downloadable PDF or accessible via a web link. **Answer** What details are required to find my rank in the 2013 poly admission list? Typically, you need your application number, roll number, or registration ID along with your date of birth or password to search for your rank in the 2013 poly admission rank list. What does my rank in the 2013 poly admission list indicate? Your rank indicates your position based on your entrance exam scores or qualifying marks. A higher rank (closer to 1) generally means better performance, and it determines your eligibility for admission into various polytechnic courses. How does the 2013 poly admission rank list impact the counseling process? The rank list is used to organize the counseling process, where candidates are called in order of their rank. Your rank determines your priority for seat allotment, with higher-ranked candidates getting earlier options for preferred courses and colleges. Are there any common issues faced while accessing the 2013 poly admission rank list, and how can I resolve them? Common issues include website downtime, incorrect login details,

or unavailability of the list. To resolve these, ensure you use the correct credentials, refresh the page, or contact the official helpline or support team for assistance.

Related keywords: poly admission 2013 rank list, polytechnic entrance 2013 results, poly admission rank list 2013, polytechnic rank 2013, poly admission result 2013, polytechnic entrance exam 2013, poly rank list, poly admission cut off 2013, polytechnic admission 2013 merit list, polytechnic entrance rank list

LIST VERBS ENGLISH

list verbs english: An Essential Guide to Understanding and Using List Verbs in English

Understanding the intricacies of English verbs is fundamental to mastering the language. Among these, list verbs play a vital role in organizing, sequencing, and connecting ideas within sentences. Whether you're a student improving your writing skills, a professional enhancing your communication, or a language enthusiast aiming for fluency, knowing how to effectively use list verbs in English can significantly elevate your language proficiency. This comprehensive guide explores what list verbs are, their types, how to use them correctly, and practical examples to help you incorporate them seamlessly into your writing and speech.

What Are List Verbs in English?

List verbs are a category of verbs used to indicate the sequential order or connection between items, actions, or ideas within a sentence or a list. They often serve as connectors, helping to organize information in a clear and logical manner. List verbs are crucial in both written and spoken English because they facilitate clarity and coherence.

Key functions of list verbs include:

- Indicating sequence or order
- Connecting related ideas or actions
- Signaling addition or continuation
- Showing cause and effect

Common Types of List Verbs in English

Understanding the different types of list verbs is essential for effective communication. Here are the

most common categories:

1. Sequential List Verbs

These verbs indicate the order of actions or items, showing progression from one point to another.

Examples:

- First
- Next
- Then
- After
- Subsequently
- Finally

2. Connecting List Verbs

These verbs or phrases connect related ideas, often used to add new points or clarify relationships.

Examples:

- And
- Also
- Moreover
- Additionally
- As well as
- Not only...but also

3. Cause and Effect Verbs

These verbs show a causal relationship between ideas or actions.

Examples:

- Because
- Therefore
- Consequently
- Thus

- As a result

4. Contrastive List Verbs

They highlight differences or contradictions between items or ideas.

Examples:

- However
- But
- On the other hand
- Conversely
- Yet

How to Use List Verbs Effectively in English

Using list verbs correctly enhances clarity and coherence in your writing. Here are practical tips for their effective application:

1. Choose the Appropriate List Verb Based on Context

Identify whether you're indicating sequence, addition, causality, or contrast, and select the suitable list verb accordingly.

2. Use Consistent Punctuation

When listing items, punctuation plays a key role:

- Use commas for simple lists (e.g., apples, oranges, bananas).
- Use semicolons for complex lists where items contain commas.
- When starting a list with a list verb, consider using colons.

3. Place List Verbs Correctly in Sentences

- For sequential words, they often come at the beginning of the sentence or clause.
- Connecting words like "and," "but," or "moreover" are usually placed between items or clauses.

4. Maintain Parallel Structure

Ensure that items in a list or connected clauses follow the same grammatical pattern for clarity and professionalism.

Examples of List Verbs in Sentences

To illustrate the effective use of list verbs, here are some example sentences categorized by their function:

Sequential List Verbs

- First, I reviewed the project outline.
- Next, I gathered all the necessary materials.
- Then, I began assembling the components.
- After completing the assembly, I tested the device.
- Finally, I submitted the report to my supervisor.

Connecting List Verbs

- I enjoy reading books, watching movies, and listening to music.
- The conference covered topics such as renewable energy, sustainable development, and climate change.
- She is not only skilled in marketing but also experienced in sales.

Cause and Effect List Verbs

- The roads were icy; therefore, the school was closed.
- He missed the bus because he woke up late.
- The product failed due to poor quality; as a result, sales declined.

Contrastive List Verbs

- The weather was cold; however, we still went hiking.
- She prefers tea, but he likes coffee.
- The first option was expensive; on the other hand, the second was more affordable.

Common List Verbs and Phrases in English

Below is a list of commonly used list verbs and phrases categorized by their function:

Sequential List Verbs and Phrases

- First, second, third
- To begin with
- Subsequently
- Thereafter
- In the meantime

Adding and Connecting Ideas

- Moreover
- Furthermore
- Besides
- Plus
- Not to mention

Indicating Cause and Effect

- Because
- Due to
- As a result
- Hence
- Accordingly

Expressing Contrast or Opposition

- However
- Yet
- Conversely
- On the contrary
- Nonetheless

Tips for Mastering List Verbs in English

Achieving mastery over the use of list verbs enhances your writing clarity and fluency. Here are

some tips:

- Read extensively: Pay attention to how professional writers and speakers use list verbs.
- Practice writing lists: Create lists in your writing, focusing on correct punctuation and parallel structure.
- Use a variety of list verbs: Avoid repetition by diversifying your list verbs.
- Edit and revise: Review your writing to ensure list verbs are used appropriately and effectively.
- Learn idiomatic expressions: Many list phrases are idiomatic; familiarize yourself with common expressions to sound more natural.

Conclusion

Mastering the use of list verbs in English is essential for clear, organized, and effective communication. Whether you're listing items, sequencing actions, connecting ideas, or indicating relationships, the right list verbs can make your writing more coherent and engaging. By understanding the different types of list verbs—sequential, connecting, cause and effect, and contrastive—you can enhance your language skills significantly. Incorporate these verbs thoughtfully into your sentences, maintain grammatical consistency, and practice regularly to become proficient in their use. Remember, the key to effective communication lies in clarity, and list verbs are a powerful tool to achieve it in your English language endeavors.

List Verbs in English: An In-Depth Exploration of Their Role, Types, and Usage

Language is a complex and dynamic system, and at its core are the words that allow us to communicate ideas, actions, and states of being. Among these, verbs stand out as the essential drivers of sentence meaning, providing the action or link that binds other components together. In English, a particularly intriguing subset of verbs is the list verbs, which serve specific functions in sequencing, enumerating, or indicating multiple items or actions. This article offers a comprehensive examination of list verbs in English, exploring their definitions, types, grammatical roles, and practical applications.

Understanding List Verbs in English

List verbs are a category of verbs used primarily to introduce, connect, or sequence items, actions, or ideas within a sentence. They often appear in contexts where a speaker or writer is enumerating elements, either explicitly or implicitly, to clarify, emphasize, or organize information.

Definition:

A list verb is a verb that functions to indicate the presence of multiple elements, often coordinating

or linking them within a sentence. They can serve as connectors or markers that demonstrate the relationship between items in a list.

Common Characteristics of List Verbs:

- They often precede or follow a series of items.
- They can be used with conjunctions such as and, or, or but to link items.
- They frequently appear in formal or structured contexts like reports, instructions, or academic writing.
- They may also indicate the act of listing, enumerating, or ordering.

Common List Verbs in English

English features a variety of verbs that can serve as list verbs, either directly or through their grammatical function. Some verbs explicitly denote listing or enumeration, while others perform this role through their syntactic placement.

Explicit List Verbs

These verbs directly imply the act of listing or enumerating:

- To enumerate: To mention separately, one by one.
- To itemize: To list as individual items.
- To catalog: To systematically list or classify.
- To list: To enumerate items in sequence.
- To detail: To describe or list comprehensively.

Commonly Used List Verbs in Practice

Many English verbs serve as list verbs depending on context and usage. Here are some of the most frequently encountered:

Verb Function/Usage
----- -----
Include To contain as part of a whole or list
Consist of To be composed of or made up of

| Comprise | To include or contain; often used as a synonym for "consist of" |

| Enumerate | To mention separately, one by one |

| List | To record or mention items in sequence |

| Mention | To refer to or bring up items in a discussion or list |

| Name | To specify or identify items individually |

| Outline | To give a summary or list the main points |

| Specify | To state explicitly, often in a list form |

| Detail | To describe thoroughly, often by listing components |

| Present | To show or introduce items or ideas systematically |

Less Formal or Context-Dependent List Verbs

- Point out: To highlight items or facts.
- Highlight: To emphasize important items.
- Identify: To establish or recognize items.
- Itemize: To break down into individual items.
- Enumerate: To count or list methodically.

Grammatical Roles and Construction of List Verbs

List verbs can appear in various grammatical constructions, often depending on whether they are used transitively or in phrasal forms.

Transitive and Intransitive Uses

- Transitive list verbs: Require an object ? the list items or the content being enumerated.
- Example: "The report includes data from multiple sources."
- Intransitive list verbs: May stand alone when used as part of a broader context or phrase.
- Example: "The items list in the catalog are numerous."

Use with Prepositions and Conjunctions

List verbs often function with prepositions such as *of*, *in*, or *to*, and are frequently paired with coordinating conjunctions:

- "The package contains three items."
- "The guide enumerates the steps in detail."
- "The menu lists options and prices."

Parallelism and Clarity in Lists

When constructing sentences with multiple list verbs or enumerations, maintaining grammatical parallelism enhances clarity:

- Correct: "The report includes data, analyzes trends, and concludes findings."
- Incorrect: "The report includes data, analyzing trends, and conclude findings."

Functions and Contexts for List Verbs

List verbs serve various functions across different contexts, including formal writing, instructions, data presentation, and everyday speech.

Formal and Academic Writing

In academic or technical documents, list verbs help clarify complex information:

- "The study comprises three phases: data collection, analysis, and reporting."
- "The results enumerate several key factors influencing the outcome."

Business and Professional Communication

In reports, proposals, and business communication, list verbs organize information:

- "The proposal includes budget estimates, timelines, and resource allocations."
- "The contract lists obligations, deliverables, and penalties."

Instructional and Procedural Contexts

Procedures and instructions often rely on list verbs:

- "First, identify the necessary tools. Then, assemble the equipment."
- "The manual details the steps involved in calibration."

Everyday and Informal Usage

In casual speech, list verbs are used to mention or highlight multiple items:

- "The menu lists appetizers, main courses, and desserts."
- "She mentioned her plans, her goals, and her concerns."

Nuances and Common Pitfalls in Using List Verbs

While list verbs are integral to effective communication, their misuse can lead to ambiguity or grammatical errors.

Overuse or Redundancy

Repeatedly using similar list verbs can make writing monotonous. Varying verbs like include, list, enumerate, and mention can enrich the text.

Ambiguity in Scope

Some verbs, like mention, imply a less formal or comprehensive list, while others like comprise or include suggest completeness. Clarifying intent is essential.

Incorrect Constructions

- Using comprise incorrectly: "The team comprises of five members." (Correct: "The team comprises five members.")
- Mixing tenses improperly: "The report lists the data and was detailing the analysis." (Maintain consistent tense.)

Practical Tips for Using List Verbs Effectively

- Choose the right verb based on the formality and context of your writing.
- Maintain parallel structure when listing multiple items or actions.
- Use appropriate prepositions to clarify the scope of listing.
- Vary your vocabulary to avoid repetition.

- Be clear about whether your list is exhaustive or illustrative.

Conclusion

List verbs in English are vital tools for organizing, enumerating, and emphasizing information across diverse contexts. They facilitate clarity, structure, and precision in communication, whether in formal reports, instructional manuals, or everyday conversations. Understanding their nuances, grammatical roles, and best practices enhances one's ability to craft effective, coherent, and professional discourse. As language continues to evolve, so too will the ways we employ list verbs, but their core function remains central to clear and organized expression.

In mastering list verbs, writers and speakers can better navigate the complexities of English syntax, ensuring their messages are both precise and impactful.

Question What are some common list verbs used in English? Common list verbs in English include 'add', 'include', 'comprise', 'consist of', 'contain', 'enumerate', and 'feature'. How do you correctly use list verbs in a sentence? List verbs are typically used to introduce or connect items in a list, often followed by the items themselves. For example, 'The menu includes salads, sandwiches, and drinks.' What is the difference between 'include' and 'consist of' as list verbs? 'Include' suggests that the items are part of a larger set, while 'consist of' emphasizes the composition of the entire set. For example, 'The team includes five members' versus 'The team consists of five members.' Can 'list' itself be used as a verb in English? Yes, 'list' is a verb meaning to make a list of items. For example, 'Please list all the ingredients required for the recipe.' What are some tips for using list verbs effectively in writing? Use clear and precise list verbs to accurately describe the relationship between items, ensure proper punctuation with commas or semicolons, and maintain parallel structure for readability. Are there any grammatical rules for using list verbs in complex sentences? Yes, when using list verbs in complex sentences, ensure subject-verb agreement is correct and that the list items are properly coordinated with conjunctions like 'and' or 'or' for clarity. How can I expand my vocabulary of list verbs in English? You can expand your list verbs by reading extensively, noting different ways authors introduce or enumerate items, and practicing using verbs like 'highlight', 'outline', 'feature', 'detail', and 'enumerate' in your writing.

Related keywords: verbs, English verbs, action words, verb list, common verbs, verb definitions, verb forms, basic verbs, irregular verbs, verb examples

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